

HYDROGEN MOBILITY HYPE OR REALITY

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TOYOTA

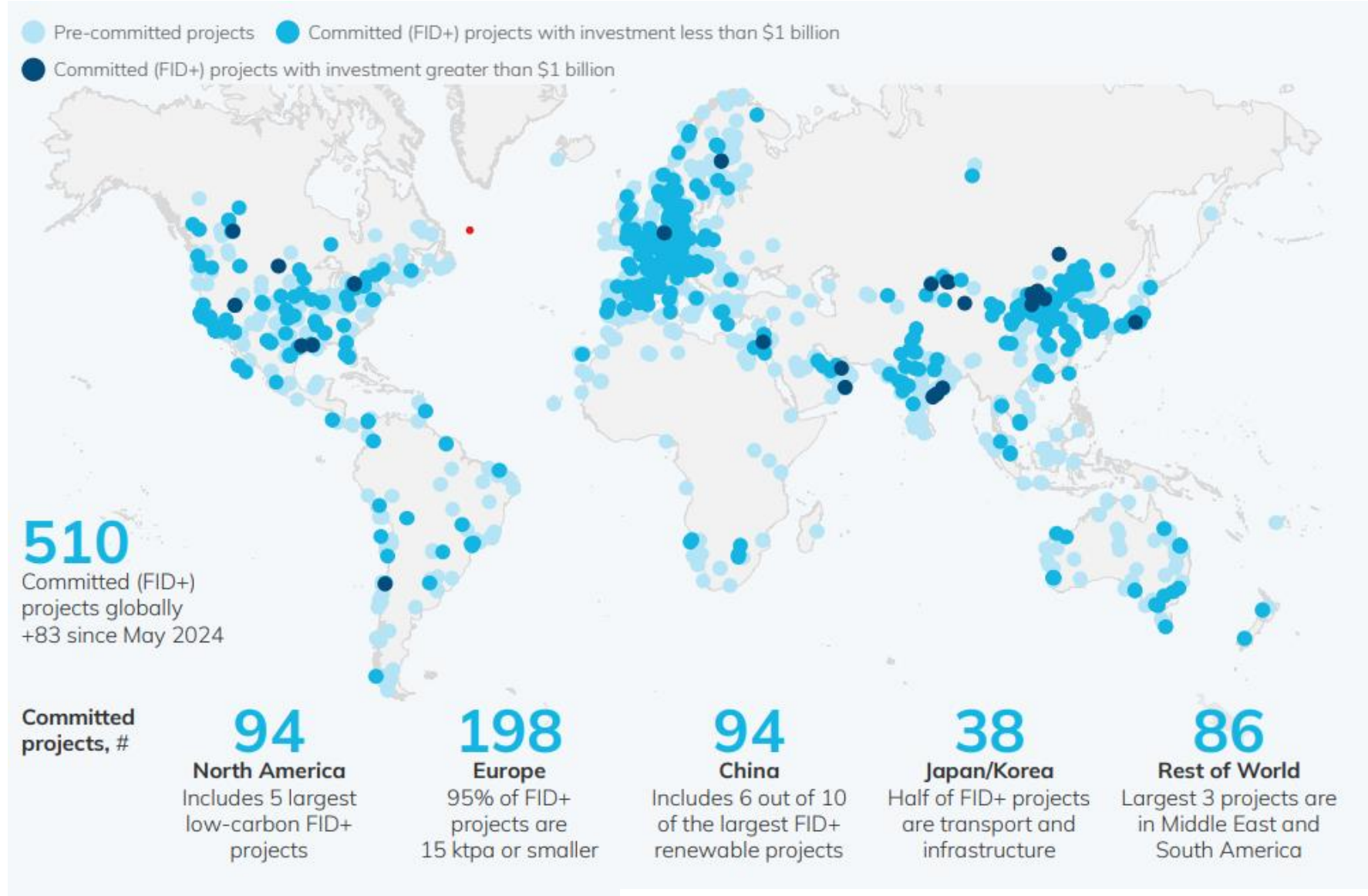
H2 AT TOKYO MOBILITY SHOW 2025





Current state of the union?

510 PROJECTS REACHED FID GLOBALLY

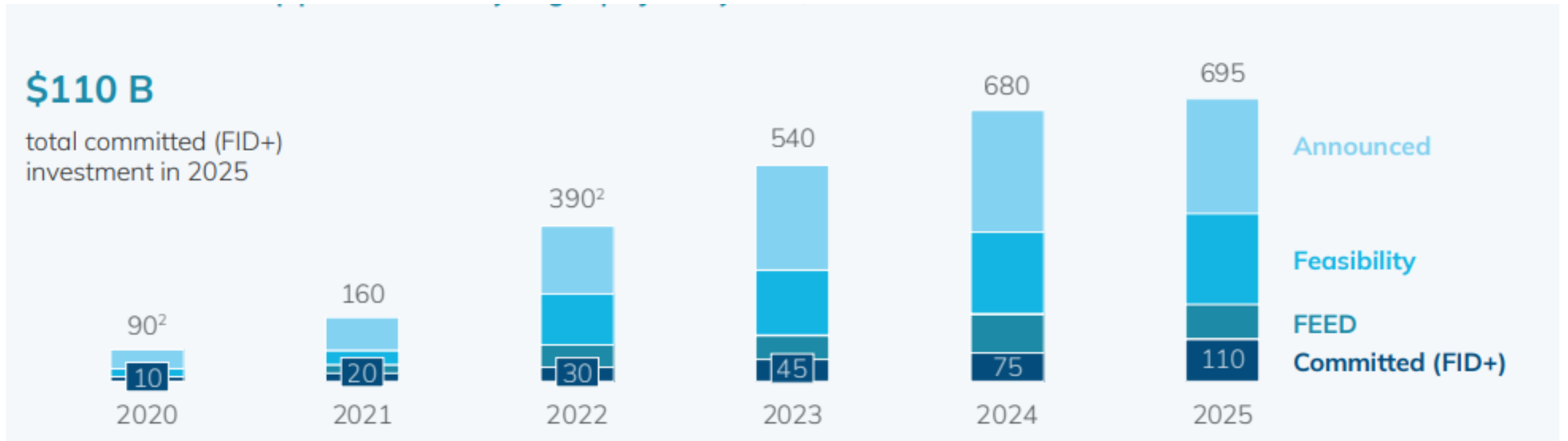


¹ Project announcements below 1 MW are excluded.

Source: Hydrogen Council & McKinsey Project & Investment Tracker, as of December 2020, May 2022, May 2024 and July 2025.

110 B \$ COMMITTED

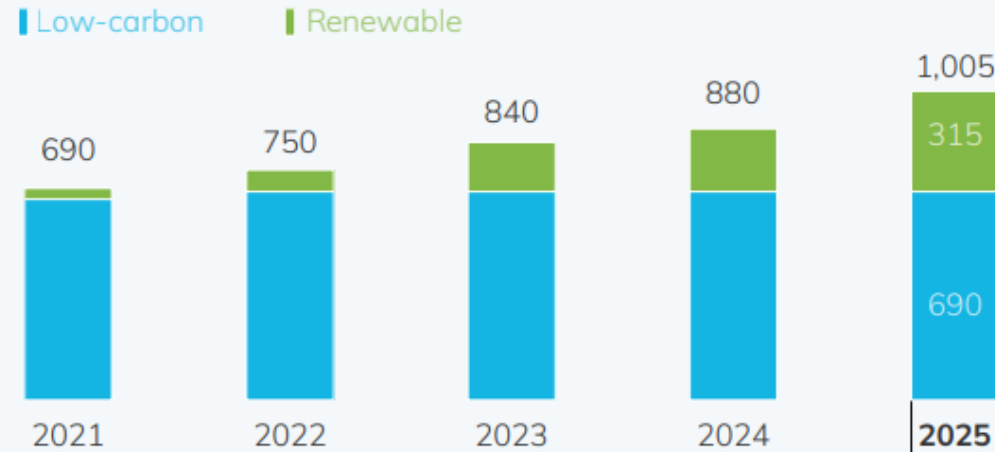
INVESTMENT PIPELINE KEEPS GROWING



CLEAN H2 CAPACITY INCREASED 8x IN 5 YEARS

8x

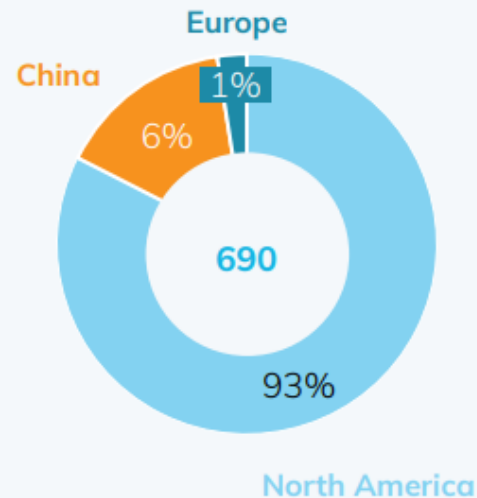
Growth in operational renewable capacity in the last five years, including 65% increase since last year



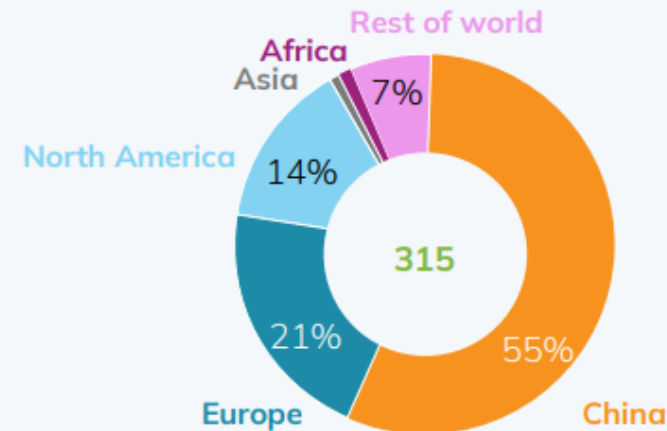
56%

Chinese share of operational renewable capacity today

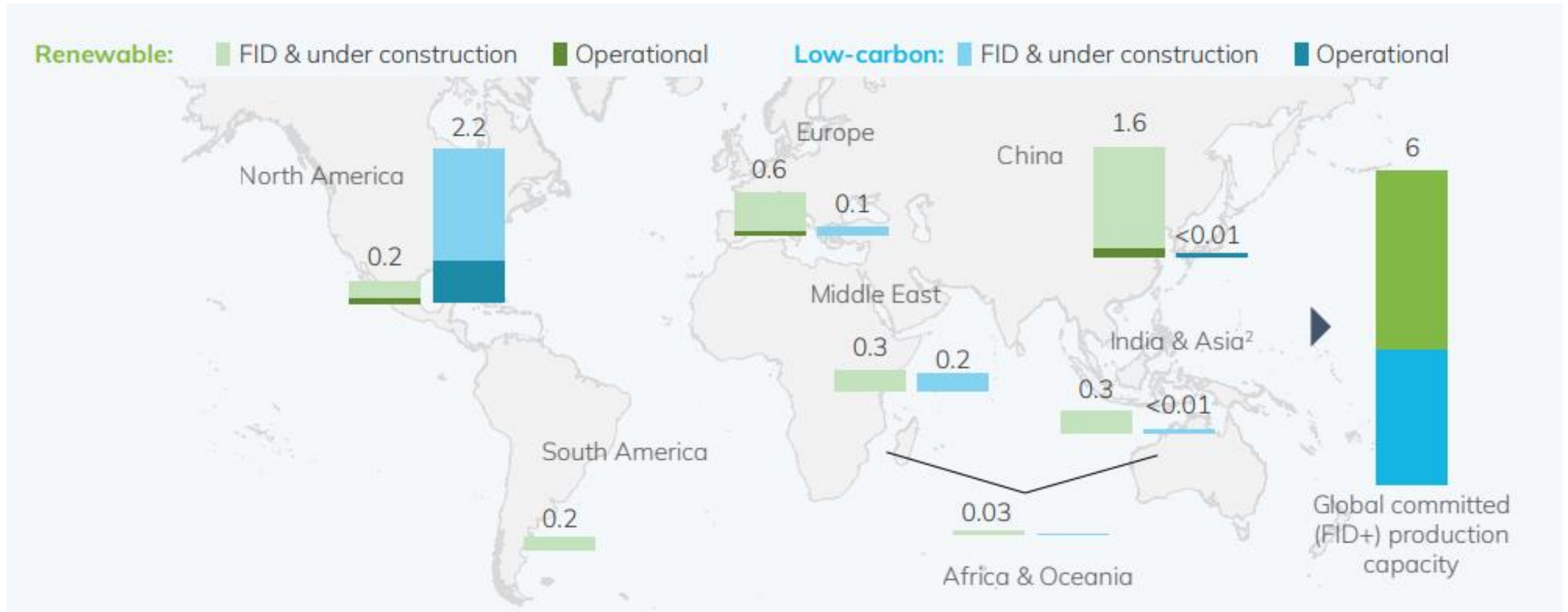
Low-carbon



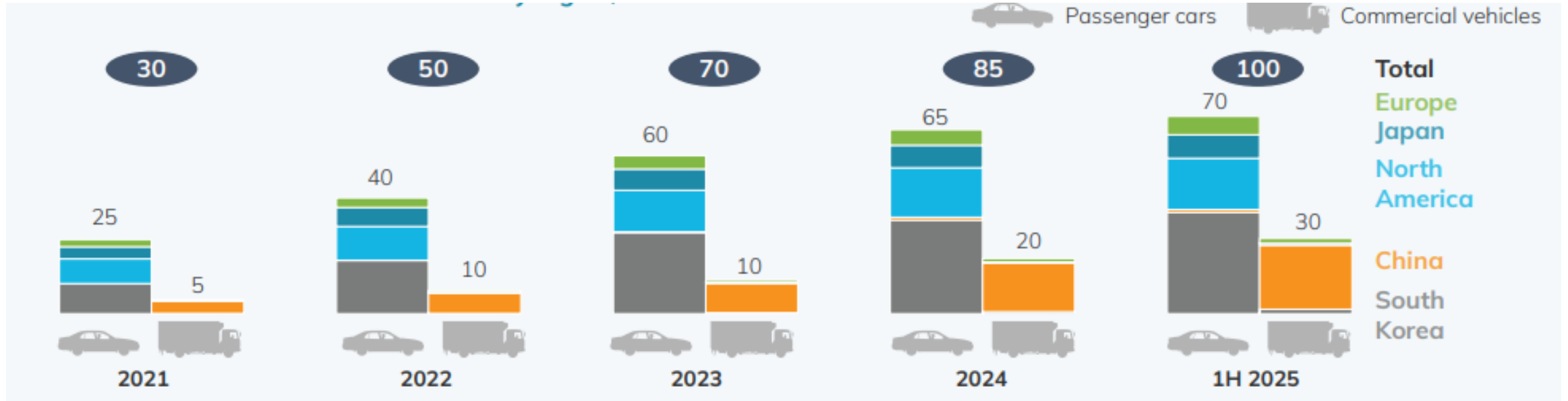
Renewable



FINAL INVESTMENT DECISION BY REGION



CUMULATIVE FCEV SALES BY REGION



HYDROGEN MOBILITY DEVELOPMENT IN CHINA



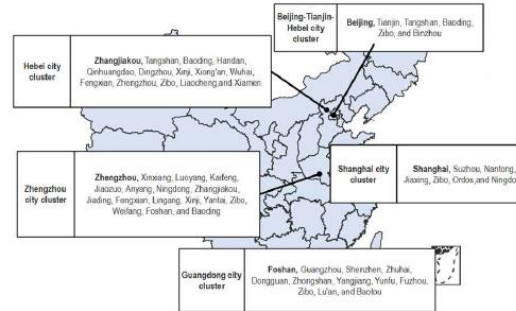
>500 hydrogen stations



Hydrogen price of below 5EUR at the pump



>15.000 FCEV in 5 large eco-systems



Large fleet of HDV



>4.000 HDV sales in 2024

Connect to green hydrogen production



(>125.000 t per year in 2024
~50% globally)

EU direction?

INDUSTRY CEO'S SUPPORT H2 AND CALL FOR ACTION

Global Hydrogen Mobility Alliance

July 2nd, 2021

M. Ursula von der Leyen
President of the European Commission
European Commission
Rue de la Loi / Willebroek 200
1049 Brussels
Belgium

A Call to Action: Accelerate Hydrogen Mobility for Europe's Sustainable, Competitive and Resilient Industrial Future

Dear President von der Leyen,

Europe stands at a crossroads for industrial competitiveness, as well as energy and resource resilience. The energy and automotive sectors are central to Europe's strength and the choices we make today will determine its ability to ensure a sustainable, affordable, and safe future for European citizens. At stake is not only Europe's climate ambition but also its strategic sovereignty, its position as a global leader in clean technology manufacturing and the worldwide competitiveness of its industries.

This challenge demands bold, long-term choices, and hydrogen is an essential part of the solution. As CEOs of leading industrial companies in the energy, automotive and other sectors, we believe that batteries and direct electrification can decarbonise important segments of the global economy; however, Europe's strategic goals can only be achieved with hydrogen solutions playing a critical complementary role.

Hydrogen mobility: a strategic imperative for Europe

The use of hydrogen in road transport is vital for three key reasons:

First, deployment of hydrogen vehicles – both fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEV) and hydrogen-powered internal combustion engines (HICE) – alongside battery electric vehicles (BEV) is necessary to achieving **resilient and cost-effective decarbonisation that safeguards Europe's strategic sovereignty**. As electrification encounters scale-up challenges – illustrated for example by recent technological cost/EU Member States, a diversified approach will help address infrastructure capacity and system integration concerns with uniform independence from the grid. Diversification with alternative supply chains and raw materials (condensates) that otherwise create significant strategic risks (PGH) required for HICEs, finally, while avoiding inherent risk that comes with betting on any single technology, this approach will help Europe achieve its goals more cost-effectively. Compared with a BEV-only scenario, a combined FCEV and BEV solution could save Europe €300-500 billion in infrastructure investments through 2050.¹

Secondly, hydrogen mobility is essential to sustaining **high-value industrial activity and skilled jobs in Europe**. Succeeding in the global economic transformation hinges on Europe's ability to leverage its well-established automotive and technology experience and transform it into a new leadership opportunity. Hydrogen technologies can be produced here in Europe, leveraging Europe's strengths in

¹ Especially with regards to roads, trucks, and ships. Hydrogen Council Transport Study, 2021.
EU Clean Hydrogen Joint Undertaking, 2021.



CEO'S LETTER

Why

- 1) FCEV are complementing BEV
- 2) Hydrogen create up to 500.000 jobs
- 3) Hydrogen is a tool for energetic and material independency

Why now?

- China is accelerating
- Europe is still competitive

What is the Global Hydrogen Mobility Alliance?



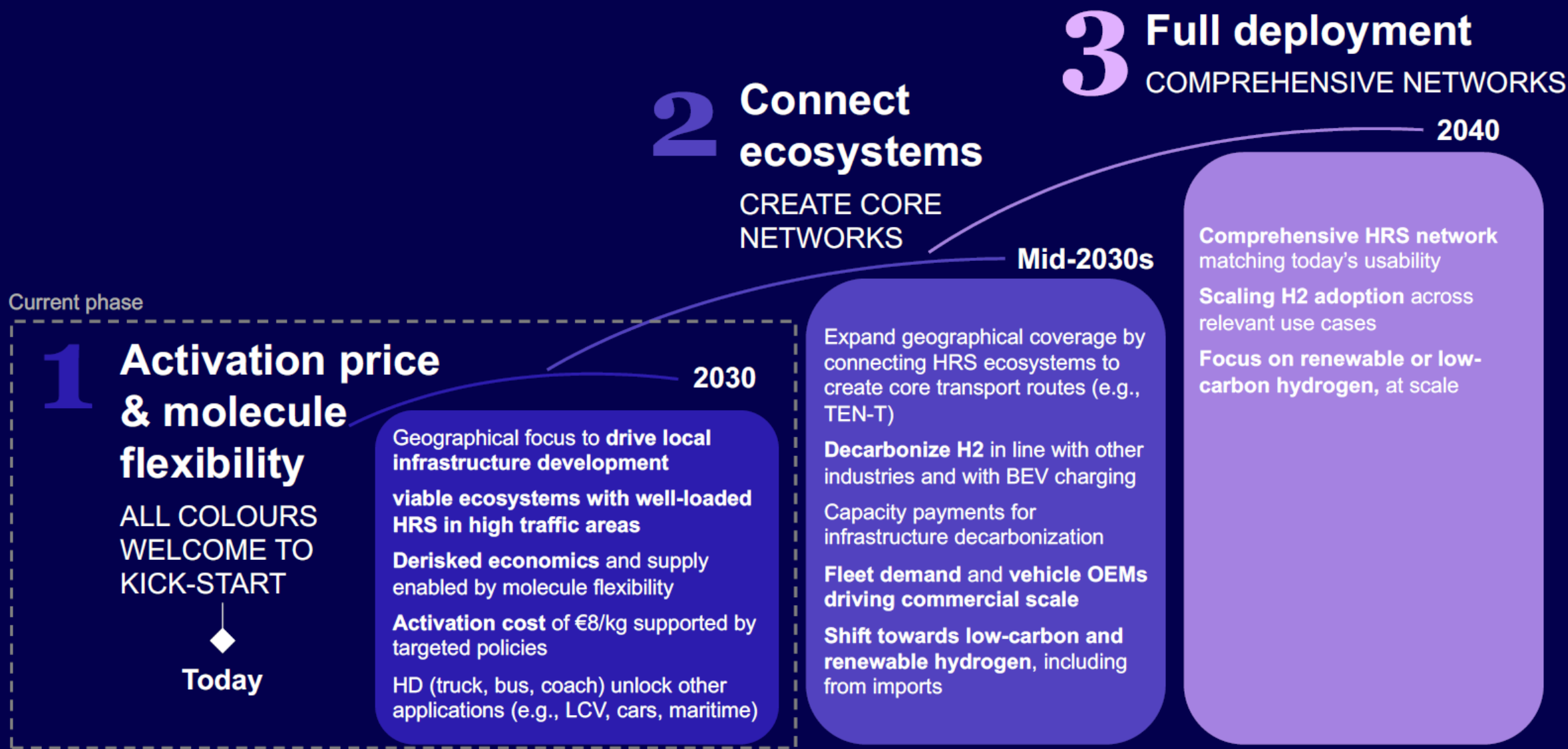
Global Hydrogen Mobility Alliance

The **Global Hydrogen Mobility Alliance** unites **transport, energy, and industrial leaders operating in Europe** to make **hydrogen a core pillar of the EU's mobility strategy** – driving urgent policy support for prosperity, resilience, and strategic autonomy.

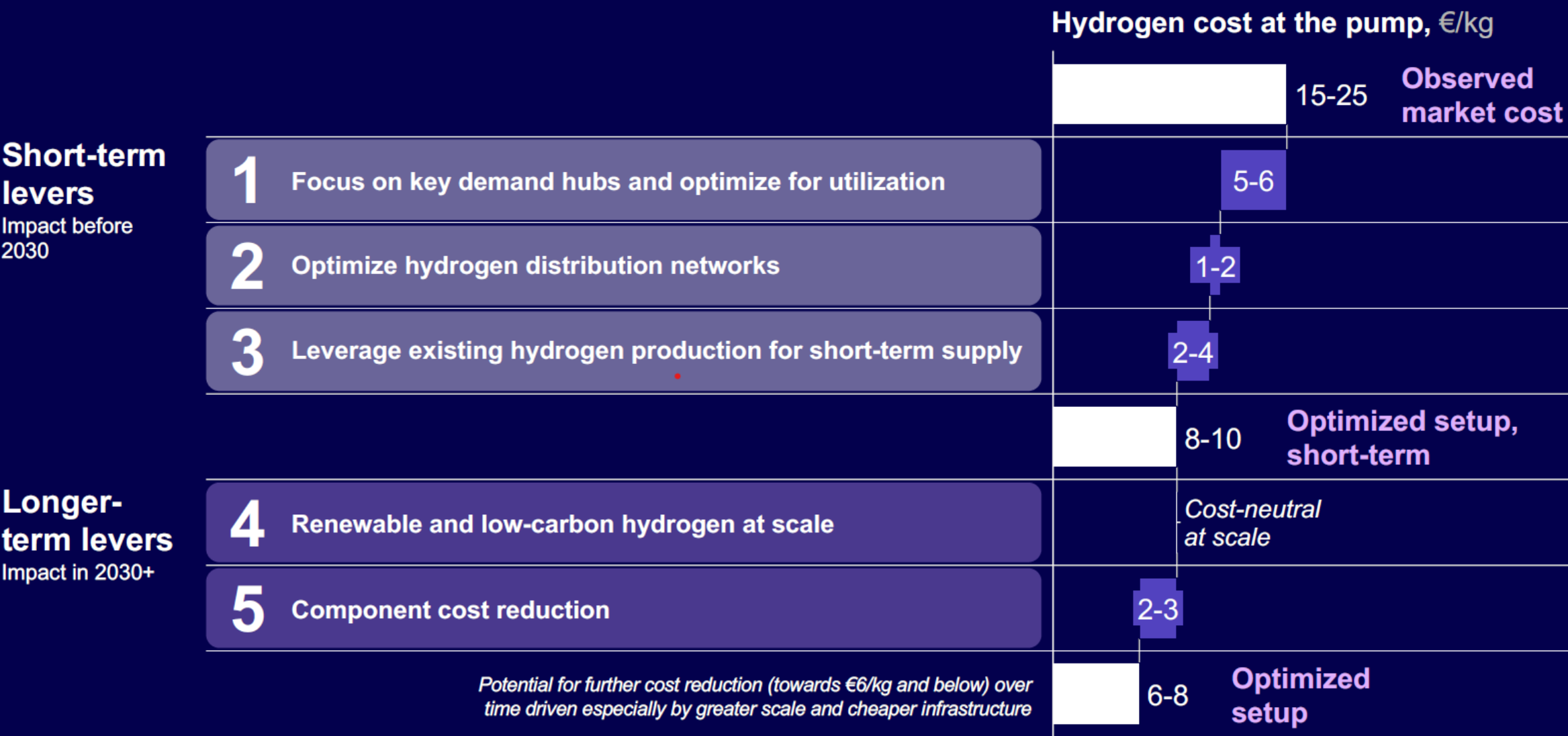
<https://globalh2mobilityalliance.org/>



This is the time to prove hydrogen mobility works – leveraging current molecule flexibility to unlock economics and future network scaling



An optimized hydrogen supply chain can already achieve meaningful cost reductions already in the short-term



Note: Excluding subsidies, incentives and credits by 2030
Source: Hydrogen Council clean team (2024)

If the specific tipping points of scale and demand certainty are met, hydrogen in road transport can already be competitive today



1. Hydrogen Refueling Stations

2. Without incentives or credits

Source: Hydrogen Council clean team (2024)

Key policy asks

Enabling conditions BEV = H2

Recognise the complementarity of BEV and H2 mobility



Level playing field for BEV and H2 on the upcoming EU policy from the Automotive Action Plan

- Eurovignette amendment
- Transport corridors
- Greening of corporate fleets

Flexibility to use whatever H2 is available to kickstart H2 mobility



Independent measures to activate H2 mobility and decarbonize H2 (BEV approach)

- The target is to meet 8€ per kg at the nozzle (and below)
- Gradual adoption of low-carbon and renewable H2

Bridge the cost gap

SWiM type of funding for HRS and vehicles



Specific program for H2 mobility & flexible granting conditions

- “Consortias” HRS + Fleets
- Secure 50% min loading (coupled with capacity payment for HRS in corridors)
- Techno neutral approach H2, HRS and vehicles

Swift implementation of ETS and Eurovignette



Swift Implementation of existing EU policy and extended longevity

- Eurovignette free tolls for ZEV
- ETS2 fossil fuel tax for road transport and ETD exemption for H2 ICE
- Other enabling elements: clean ports and public procurement

THE EU WILL NEED H2 HDV & LDV TO REACH CLIMATE GOALS

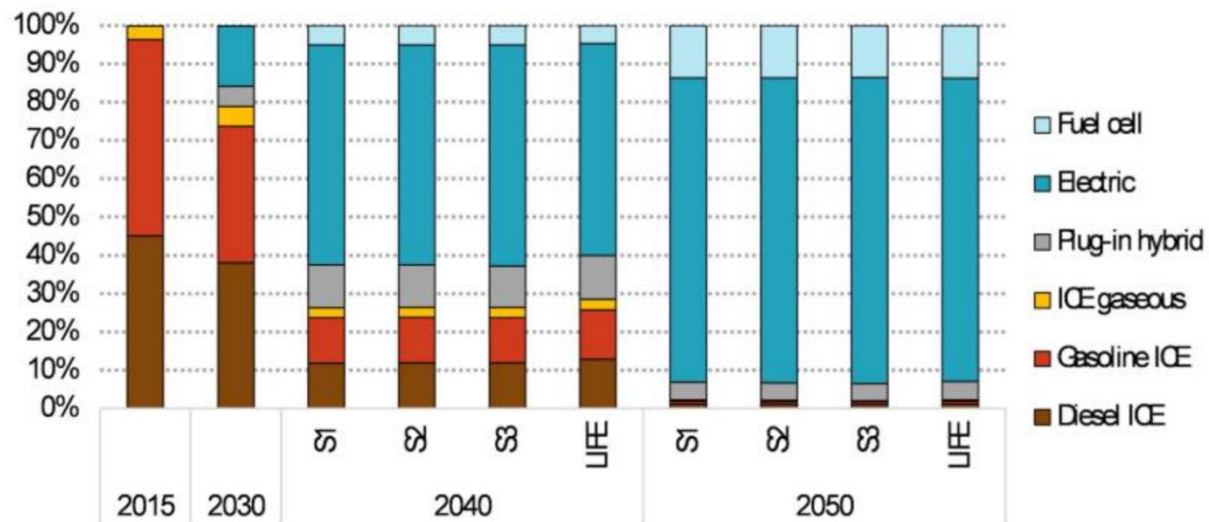
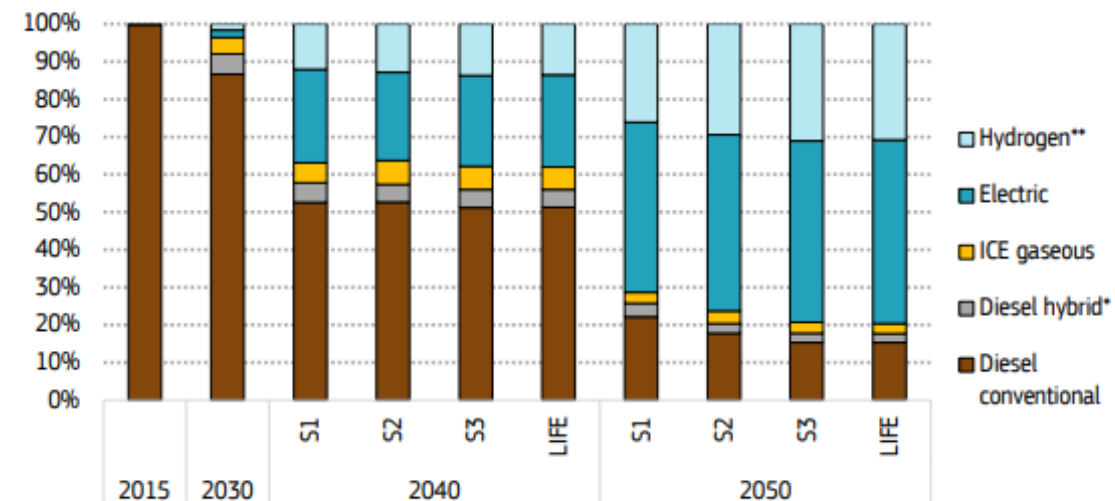


Figure 69: Distribution of the EU HGV stock by type of drivetrain



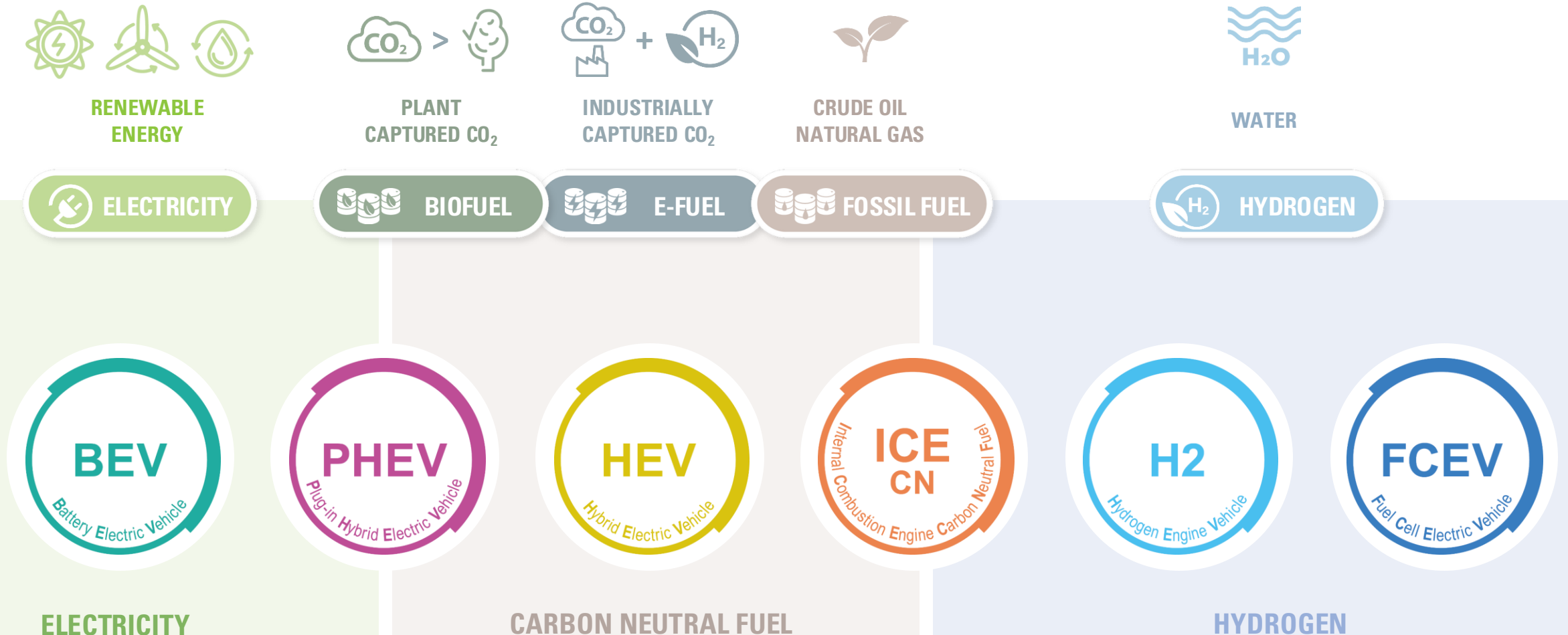
Note: *Diesel hybrid vehicles include plug-in hybrids. **Hydrogen vehicles include fuel-cell vehicles and hydrogen ICE vehicles.

Source: PRIMES.

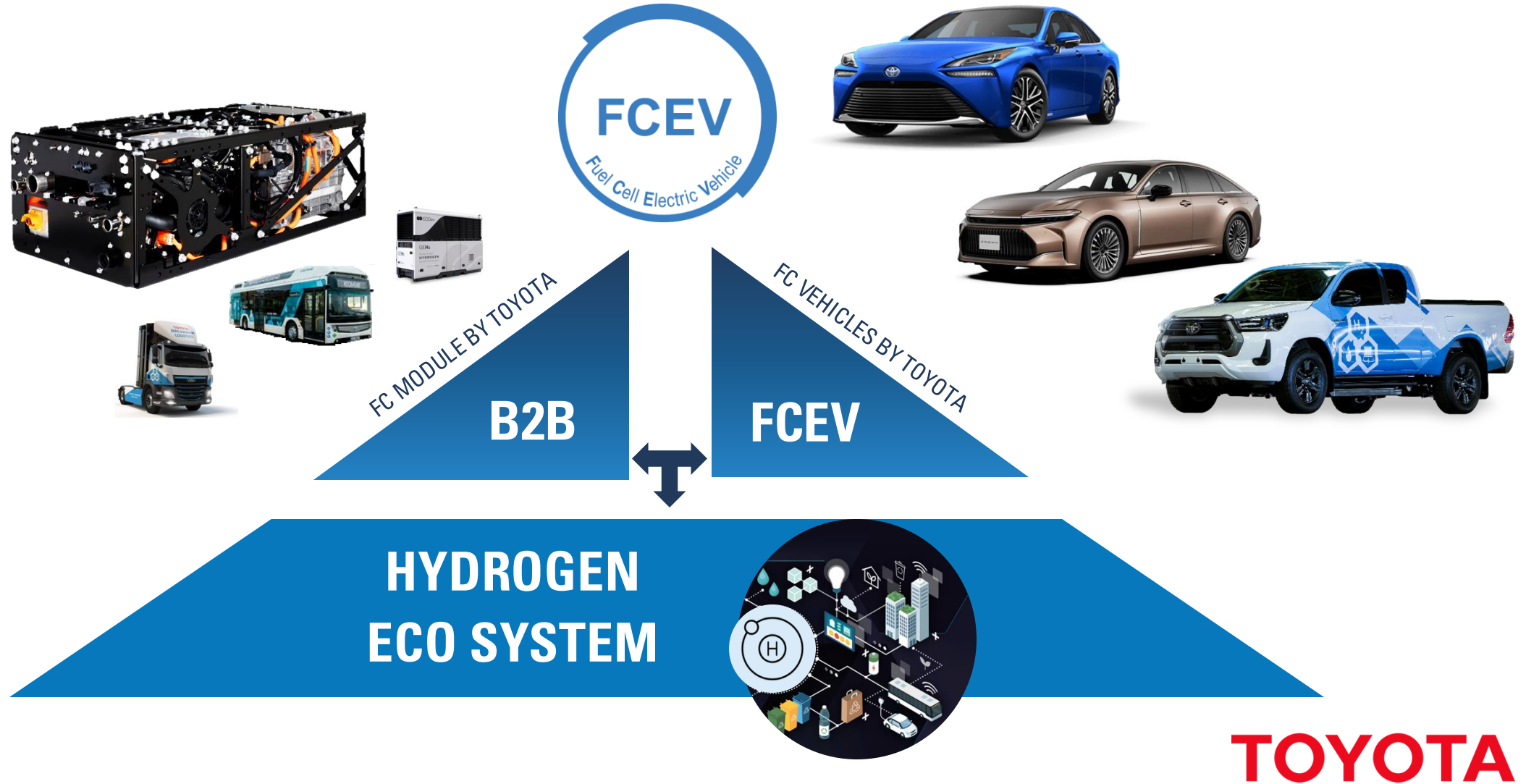
TOYOTA - STRATEGY

MULTI-PATH FOR ENERGY AND MOBILITY

OFFERING A VARIETY OF VEHICLES

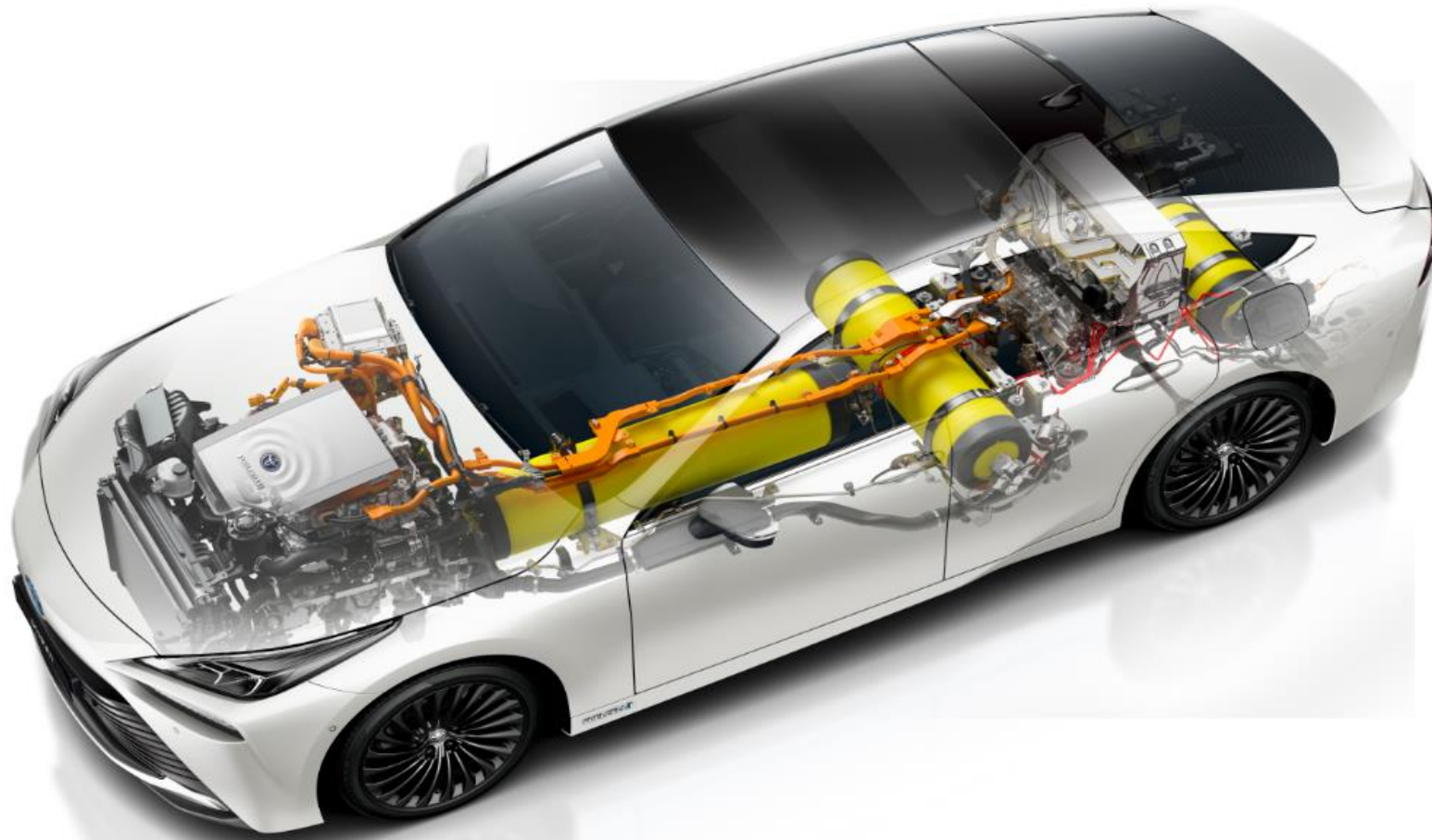


HOW TOYOTA SUPPORT HYDROGEN DEVELOPMENT ?



TOYOTA MIRAI

COMPONENTS



TOYOTA

OVER 20 ACTIVE PARTNERSHIPS

PC



BMW

STATIONARY



EODev



H2Energy

MARITIME



**Energy
Observer**



**Corvus
Energy**

BUS



CaetanoBus



**Mercedes-
Benz**

TRUCK



VDL



Hyliko

TRAIN



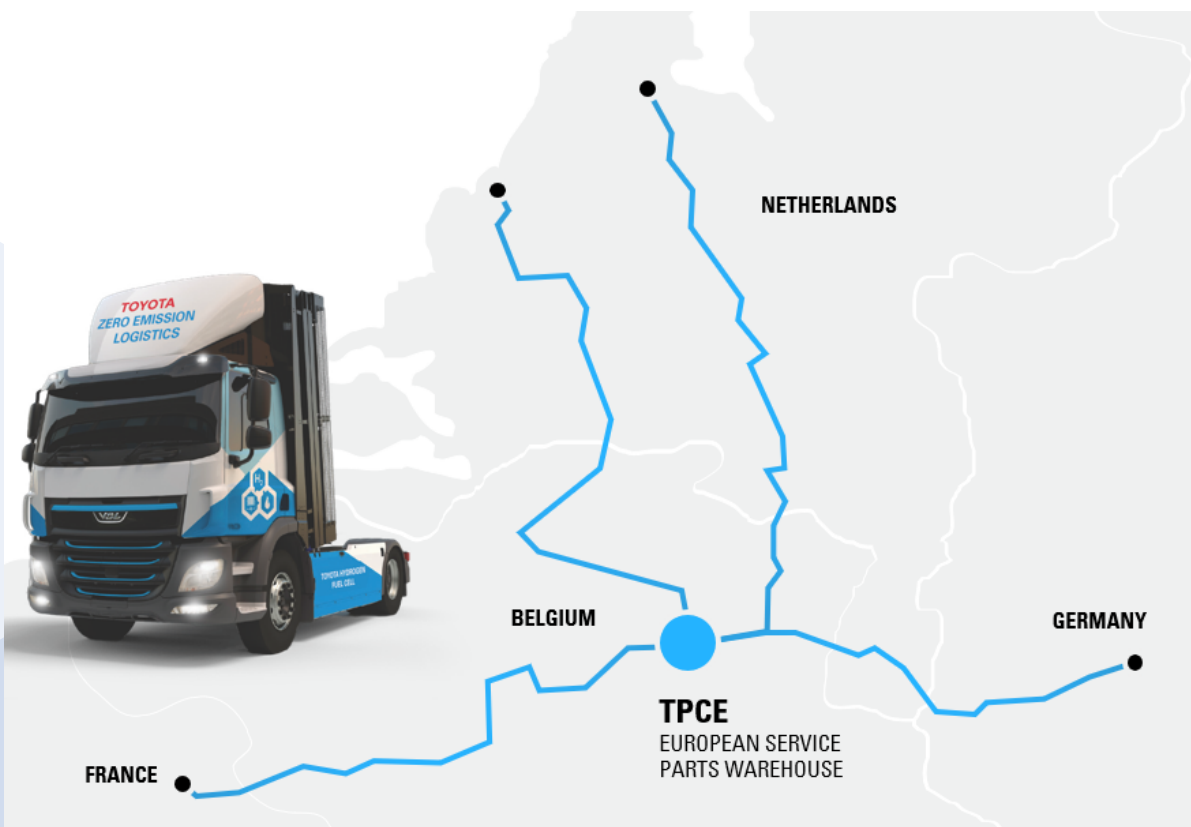
FCH2Rail



TOYOTA

TOYOTA IS WALKING THE TALK ON FC TRUCKS

WE ARE REPLACING DIESEL TRUCK WITH NO COMPROMISE ON OPERATIONS



> **80,000 km** driven by 4 trucks since May 2025

4 logistics partners covering routes across **4 countries**

Based on **real life data** the range is > **400 km**

9 Hydrogen refueling stations used across various routes to test the network

> **80,000 kg CO₂ emissions** avoided compared with diesel

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THANK YOU



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